

Abridged Financial Statements for the Financial Period from 1 February 2018 (date of incorporation) to 31 December 2018

Maybank Singapore Limited (Incorporated in Singapore) Company Registration No. 201804195C

2 Battery Road, Maybank Tower, Singapore 049907

DIRECTORS The names of the directors of the Bank in office since their appointment to the			STAT FOR THE F
date of this report are		ppointment to the	(DATE OF INCO
Chairman	Datuk Karownakaran @ Karuna (appointed on 1 October 201		
Members	Datuk Abdul Farid bin Alias	6)	
	(appointed on 1 October 201	8)	C. (C.)
	Mr Anthony Brent Elam	0)	Staff costs Other operating expenses
	(appointed on 1 October 201 Mr Spencer Lee Tien Chye	8)	Operating profit before im
	(appointed on 1 October 201	8)	Dura data fara internationa ant las
	Mr Wong Heng Ning Kevin	0)	Provision for impairment los assets
	(appointed on 1 October 201)	8)	Profit before taxation
	Mr Lee Yong Guan (appointed on 1 October 201)	8)	Taxation
			Net profit after taxation
			Net profit after taxation at owner
ST	ATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION		
	AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018		Other comprehensive inco Items that may be reclassi
		2018	profit and loss
Assets		S\$'000	Net change in fair value on fair value through other income ("FVOCI")
Cash and balances with cer	ntral bank	1,316,742	Changes in allowance for ex
Singapore government secu	irities and treasury	2.050.448	of debt securities at FVO
bills Other government securitie	es and treasury bills	3,059,118 125,587	Income tax relating to comp comprehensive income
Balances and placements w	-	2,641,754	Other comprehensive inco
Bills receivable		35,466	net of income tax
Loans and advances to non-		22,377,194	-
Amounts due from related Other assets	corporations	4,040,853	Total comprehensive incon Total comprehensive incon
Intangible assets		257,331 88,138	the owner
Property and equipment		19,646	
Total assets		33,961,829	
Liabilities			
Deposits of non-bank custo	mers	31,183,221	The capital adequacy ratio
Bills payable		72,996	CET1 Capital comprise
Amounts due to related cor Current income tax payable		4,062 5,200	Additional Tier 1 Capital
Other liabilities	-	269,407	 Tier 2 Capital compris
Deferred tax liabilities		7,915	
Total liabilities		31,542,801	
Equity attributable to the	owner		CET1 capital ratio
Share capital		2,400,000	Tier1 capital ratio
Retained earnings		18,916	Total capital ratio
Fair value adjustment reser Total liabilities and equity		112_	
owner		2,419,028	
Total liabilities and equity	attributable to the	22 044 020	Share capital
owner		33,961,829	Retained profits Regulatory adjustments
Off-balance sheet items			Common Equity Tier 1 ca
Contingent liabilities		447,641	1. y
Commitments		8,918,442	Tier 1 capital
Financial derivatives (notional)		8,819,171	Tier 2 capital
Total off-balance sheet ite	ims	18,185,254	Provisions Eligible total capital
STAT	EMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOM	NE	

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 FEBRUARY 2018 (DATE OF INCORPORATION) TO 31 DECEMBER 2018

	(date of incorporation) to 31 December 2018
	\$\$'000
Interest income	138,381
Interest expense	(64,515)
Net interest income	73,866
Fee and commision income	29,271
Fee and commision expense	(8,590)
Net fee and commission income	20,681
Dealing profits and foreign exchange income	3,485
Other income	209
Total other items of income	3,694
Income before operating expenses	98,241

TEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 FEBRUARY 2018 ORPORATION) TO 31 DECEMBER 2018 (CONT'D.)

	For the financial period from 1 February 2018 (date of incorporation) to 31 December 2018 \$\$'000	
Chall and	-	
Staff costs	(38,072)	
Other operating expenses Operating profit before impairment	<u>(10,458)</u> 49,711	
operating profit before impairment	47,711	
Provision for impairment losses on financial assets	(17,703)	
Profit before taxation	32,008	
PIOIL Deloie Laxacion	52,000	
Taxation	(13,092)	
Net profit after taxation	18,916	
Net profit after taxation attributable to the owner	18,916	
Other comprehensive income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss Net change in fair value on debt securities at		
fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")	(19)	
Changes in allowance for expected credit losses		
of debt securities at FVOCI	154	
Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income	(23)	
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of income tax	112	
Total comprehensive income for the period	19,028	
Total comprehensive income attributable to the owner	19,028	

CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS

and capital components of the Bank are:

ses paid up ordinary share capital

oital - Nil in FY2018

ises accounting provisions in excess of MAS Notice 637 expected loss

% CET1 capital ratio% 16.898 Tier1 capital ratioTier1 capital ratio16.898 16.898 Total capital ratioTotal capital ratio17.1592018 S\$'000Share capital2,400,000 Retained profitsRegulatory adjustments(14,000) (14,000)Common Equity Tier 1 capital ("CET1")2,404,916Tier 1 capital2,404,916Tier 2 capital37,000 2,441,916Provisions37,000 2,441,916Ligible total capital2018 \$\$'000 14,233,000		2018
Tier1 capital ratio16.898 17.159Total capital ratio16.898 17.159Share capital ratio2018 \$\$'000Share capital2,400,000 18,916Regulatory adjustments18,916 (14,000)Common Equity Tier 1 capital ("CET1")2,404,916Tier 1 capital Provisions2,404,916 37,000 2,441,916Eligible total capital2,441,9162018 \$\$'000\$\$'000		%
Total capital ratio17.1592018\$\$'000Share capital2,400,000Retained profits18,916Regulatory adjustments(14,000)Common Equity Tier 1 capital ("CET1")2,404,916Tier 1 capital2,404,916Tier 2 capital37,000Fligible total capital2,441,9162018\$\$'000	CET1 capital ratio	16.898
2018Share capital\$\$'000Retained profits2,400,000Regulatory adjustments18,916Regulatory adjustments(14,000)Common Equity Tier 1 capital ("CET1")2,404,916Tier 1 capital2,404,916Tier 2 capital37,000Fligible total capital2,441,9162018\$\$'000	Tier1 capital ratio	16.898
Share capital S\$'000 Share capital 2,400,000 Retained profits 18,916 Regulatory adjustments (14,000) Common Equity Tier 1 capital ("CET1") 2,404,916 Tier 1 capital 2,404,916 Tier 2 capital 2,404,916 Tier 2 capital 37,000 Eligible total capital 2,441,916 2018 S\$'000	Total capital ratio	17.159
Share capital2,400,000Retained profits18,916Regulatory adjustments(14,000)Common Equity Tier 1 capital ("CET1")2,404,916Tier 1 capital2,404,916Tier 2 capital37,000Provisions37,000Eligible total capital2,441,9162018S\$'000		2018
Retained profits18,916Regulatory adjustments(14,000)Common Equity Tier 1 capital ("CET1")2,404,916Tier 1 capital2,404,916Tier 2 capital37,000Provisions37,000Eligible total capital2,441,9162018S\$'000		S\$'000
Regulatory adjustments(14,000)Common Equity Tier 1 capital ("CET1")2,404,916Tier 1 capital2,404,916Tier 2 capital37,000Provisions37,000Eligible total capital2,441,9162018S\$'000	Share capital	2,400,000
Common Equity Tier 1 capital ("CET1")2,404,916Tier 1 capital2,404,916Tier 2 capital37,000Provisions37,000Eligible total capital2,441,9162018\$\$'000	Retained profits	18,916
Tier 1 capital2,404,916Tier 2 capital37,000Provisions37,000Eligible total capital2,441,9162018\$\$'000	Regulatory adjustments	(14,000)
Tier 2 capitalProvisions37,000Eligible total capital2,441,9162018\$\$'000	Common Equity Tier 1 capital ("CET1")	2,404,916
Provisions 37,000 Eligible total capital 2,441,916 2018 S\$'000	Tier 1 capital	2,404,916
Eligible total capital 2,441,916 2018 \$\$'000	Tier 2 capital	
2018 \$\$'000	Provisions	37,000
\$\$'000	Eligible total capital	2,441,916
		2018
Total RWA after floor adjustments 14,233,000		S\$'000
	Total RWA after floor adjustments	14,233,000

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 FEBRUARY 2018 (DATE OF INCORPORATION) TO 31 DECEMBER 2018

Independent Auditor's Report to the Member of Maybank Singapore Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Maybank Singapore Limited (the "Bank"), pursuant to Section 373 of the Singapore Companies Act, Chapter 50 (the "Act"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement of the Bank for the financial period from 1 February 2018 (date of incorporation) to 31 December 2018, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 (the Act) and Financial Reporting Standards

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 FEBRUARY 2018 (DATE OF INCORPORATION) TO 31 DECEMBER 2018 (CONT'D.)

in Singapore (FRSs) so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Bank as at 31 December 2018 and financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Bank for the financial period from 1 February 2018 (date of incorporation) to 31 December 2018.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing (SSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority (ACRA) Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities (ACRA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

Management is responsible for other information. The other information comprises the general information, directors' statement and supplementary information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and directors for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act and FRSs, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The director's responsibilities include overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- · Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- · Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bank's internal control.
- · Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Bank have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Ernst & Young LLP Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants Singapore 15-Feb-19

For the financial period from 1 February 2019