## RMB Watch

## The Year-end Pressure

#### Keeping Calm In the Face of Headwinds

A combination of trade slowdown, uncertainties that shroud the US-China relation and possibly China's determination to persist with its deleveraging efforts could weigh on China's growth momentum and yuan recovery. We see that determination especially evident in the local interbank market where the central bank did not conduct much liquidity injection, seemingly unfazed by the current headwinds to the Chinese economy. While our FX Annual 2019 looks for EM Asia to shine, the recovery of the RMB vs. the USD could lag some of its regional peers unless a trade deal with the US is detailed and concrete enough. Our base case assumes that there could be some positivity that arises from the ongoing trade talks but tensions with the US, especially with the rise of its technological prowess, could continue to come and fade.

Since 25 Oct, there has been no liquidity injection via the open market operation, save for the medium term lending facility to meet the demands of those that were maturing for this period. On the other hand, local government bonds have been bid with treasury yields coming off rather steeply, also dragged by the decline in UST yields. Market players increasingly prefer to hold CGBs rather than other riskier assets like equities in light of increasing evidence that growth momentum may slow and that PBoC may cut policy rates. On the other hand, liquidity pressure is building in the interbank markets with 3-month SHIBOR rising from lows of 2.80% to levels around 3.14% as we write. This suggests that despite the downside risks to the economy, PBoC still desires to ensure minimal excess in the liquidity conditions. However, that also suggests that credit will be expensive for those that need it most and that include the small and medium enterprises.

Last Fri, PBoC injected liquidity into commercial banks via a 28-day treasury deposits. The deposits were auctioned off last Fri with rates of 4.02%, quite a jump from the last 3-month deposits auctioned rates at 3.71% in Sep. This further underscores the year-end liquidity demands. In fact, 3-month SHIBOR gained in 8 out of 10 Dec for the past ten years.

#### Chart 1: 3-month Shibor Rebounds Into Year-end



#### **Analysts**

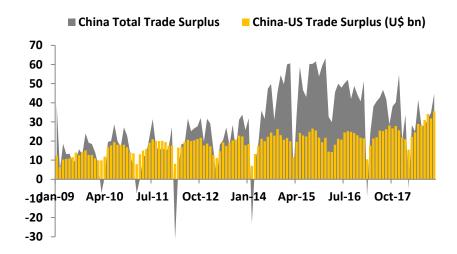
Saktiandi Supaat (65) 6320 1379 saktiandi@maybank.com.sg

Fiona Lim (65) 6320 1374 fionalim@maybank.com.sg

Christopher Wong (65) 6320 1347 wongkl@maybank.com.sg

Leslie Tang (65) 6320 1378 leslietang@maybank.com.sg

#### Chart 2: Trade Surplus with the US Widens



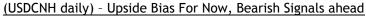
Source: General Administration of Customs, CEIC, Maybank FX Research & Strategy

The liquidity management by PBoC is in line with our expectations for China to persist with its deleveraging efforts. That crimps on the recovery on the RMB vs. the USD in the year of 2019. We still look for PBoC to deliver another round of targeted RRR cut early next year as net exports growth is set to weaken after the frontloading of shipment is done. Already, exports for Nov towards the US slowed according to the recently released data although trade surplus widened to record high as imports from the US shrunk considerably by -25%y/y. That could cause further deterioration in its current account that has been rather flat.

December 10, 2018

### Maybank

#### **RMB On The Technical Charts**





USDCNH broke above the 100-dma and was last seen around 6.9120. Momentum indicators are increasingly bearish. However, we do not want to discount the bearish signal of the 21-dma crossing the 50-dma to the downside. That could usher in further moves lower for the USDCNH. Support at 6.8870 (100-dma). Firm resistance seen at 6.9220.

### (USDCNH Weekly) - Still Bearish Momentum



Source: Bloomberg, Maybank FX Research & Strategy



# **Keeping Track**

<u>Date</u>	<u>Events/Data</u> <u>Headlines</u>	More Details, Impact and Views	Relevant Charts (if any)
30 Nov - 3 Dec	PMI-Mfg (Official) weakened mildy towards 50.0 from previous 50.2.  However, the details suggest that demand is improving for medium sized companies. The Caixin PMI-mfg came in firmer at 50.2.	PMI-mfg for medium-sized companies stabilized while those of small and large enterprises. This is reflected in its new order as well as the new export order. This improvement in the Caixin version for PMI-mfg also underscores some kind of stability for smaller enterprises	PMI (large enterprise)  PMI (medium enterprise)  PMI (Small enterprise)  PMI (Small enterprise)  Jul-13 May-14 Mar-15 Jan-16 Nov-16 Sep-17 Jul-18
1 Dec	Xi and Trump agreed to a 90-day Trade Truce to work out a more concrete deal. No additional tariffs expected on 1 Jan.	bring, the outcome of the G20 Summit suggests that Trump is eager for the trade war to at least pause in its escalation and	



<u>Date</u>	Events/Data <u>Headlines</u>	More Details, Impact and Views	Relevant Charts (if any)
7 Dec	Foreign Reserves Rebounded  Foreign reserves beat median estimates with a rise to U\$3.062trn from previous U\$3.053trn.	The rally of the USTs boosted the foreign reserves holdings and the turn of the RMB at the announcement of a potential trade deal likely stemmed capital outflow pressure. Should there be a deal with China, that could be positive for CNY and we can expect foreign reserves to remain above the U\$3trn mark.	Growth in FX Reservess (3mma mom)  4,500.0  USDCNY (inverse rhs)  5.5  4,000.0  3,500.0  7  3,000.0  Feb-14 Dec-14 Oct-15 Aug-16 Jun-17 Apr-18
8 Dec	Exports growth Slowed  Exports growth slowed 10.2%y/y from previous 20.0%. Imports weakened as well to 7.8%y/y from previous 25.7%. Trade surplus widened to CNY306bn from CNY239bn.	China's trade surplus with the US widened to record levels with exports to the US slowing a tad while imports from the US contracted significantly by -25%y/y. At the turn of the year, when exports are expected to slow more significantly as frontloading is done, the net exports contribution to GDP could weaken.	Thina Total Trade Surplus  70  50  30  10  -19an-09 Jun-10 Nov-11 Apr-13 Sep-14 Feb-16 Jul-17  -30

<sup>\*</sup>News Sources from Xinhua, Bloomberg, China Daily, China Securities Journal, China Business News, People's Daily; Data from CEIC, Bloomberg, NBS, SAFE, PBoC



#### **Upcoming Events to Watch in The Next Two Weeks**

10 - 15 Dec - Money Supply M2, Aggregate financing, new yuan loans

(Nov)

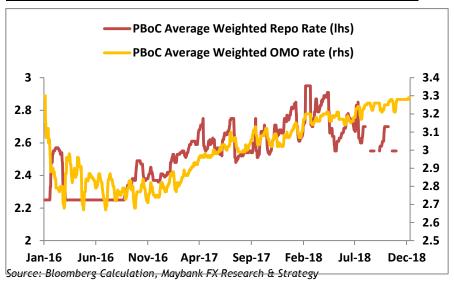
14 Dec - Retail Sales, Industrial production, FAI-urban (Nov)

15 Dec - New home price (Nov)

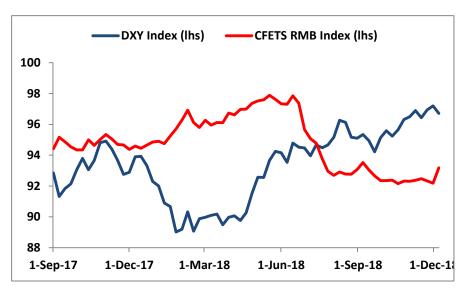
20 Dec - FX Net Settlement

#### **Charts We Monitor**

Chart 1: PBoC Suspends OMO rates but repo rates remained elevated



<u>Chart 2: Yuan Rebounded Rather Strongly When the US-China trade truce was announced</u>



Source: Bloomberg, Maybank FX Research & Strategy



#### DISCLAIMER

This report is for information purposes only and under no circumstances is it to be considered or intended as an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy the securities or financial instruments referred to herein, or an offer or solicitation to any person to enter into any transaction or adopt any investment strategy. Investors should note that income from such securities or financial instruments, if any, may fluctuate and that each security's or financial instrument's price or value may rise or fall. Accordingly, investors may receive back less than originally invested. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. This report is not intended to provide personal investment advice and does not take into account the specific investment objectives, the financial situation and the particular needs of persons who may receive or read this report. Investors should therefore seek financial, legal and other advice regarding the appropriateness of investing in any securities and/or financial instruments or the investment strategies discussed or recommended in this report.

The information contained herein has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable but such sources have not been independently verified by Malayan Banking Berhad and/or its affiliates and related corporations (collectively, "Maybank") and consequently no representation is made as to the accuracy or completeness of this report by Maybank and it should not be relied upon as such. Accordingly, no liability can be accepted for any direct, indirect or consequential losses or damages that may arise from the use or reliance of this report. Maybank and its officers, directors, associates, connected parties and/or employees may from time to time have positions or be materially interested in the securities and/or financial instruments referred to herein and may further act as market maker or have assumed an underwriting commitment or deal with such securities and/or financial instruments and may also perform or seek to perform investment banking, advisory and other services for or relating to those companies whose securities are mentioned in this report. Any information or opinions or recommendations contained herein are subject to change at any time, without prior notice.

This report may contain forward looking statements which are often but not always identified by the use of words such as "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "intend", "plan", "expect", "forecast", "predict" and "project" and statements that an event or result "may", "will", "can", "should", "could" or "might" occur or be achieved and other similar expressions. Such forward looking statements are based on assumptions made and information currently available to us and are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause the actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue relevance on these forward looking statements. Maybank expressly disclaims any obligation to update or revise any such forward looking statements to reflect new information, events or circumstances after the date of this publication or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

This report is prepared for the use of Maybank's clients and may not be reproduced, altered in any way, transmitted to, copied or distributed to any other party in whole or in part in any form or manner without the prior express written consent of Maybank. Maybank accepts no liability whatsoever for the actions of third parties in this respect.

This report is not directed to or intended for distribution to or use by any person or entity who is a citizen or resident of or located in any locality, state, country or other jurisdiction where such distribution, publication, availability or use would be contrary to law or regulation.

Published by:



Malayan Banking Berhad (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Saktiandi Supaat Head, FX Research saktiandi@maybank.com.sg (+65) 63201379 Christopher Wong Senior FX Strategist wongkl@maybank.com.sg (+65) 63201347 Fiona Lim
Senior FX Strategist
Fionalim@maybank.com.sg
(+65) 63201374

Leslie Tang
Senior FX Strategist
leslietang@maybank.com.sg
(+65) 63201378